Gallaudet University
Research Priorities 2007

Research is a key component of Gallaudet’s mission as a University. The research priorities of the University reflect the institution’s unique responsibility and commitment to encourage and support research and scholarship that aims to benefit the diversity of the deaf and hard of hearing population on campus, across the United States, and internationally. The research design should reflect this diversity and incorporate insights from a range of disciplines involving a variety of research paradigms and methodologies. The thirteen priorities below are the result of a collaborative process involving many individuals within the Gallaudet community. The order of listing is not intended to indicate the relative importance of the priority.
Priority 1 — Development of Signed Language Fluency
Research aimed at understanding the sensory, cognitive, affective, linguistic, pedagogical, and socio-cultural processes by which individuals acquire American Sign Language or other signed languages. This priority applies both to individuals acquiring signed language in childhood and to those who acquire or learn signed languages later in life.

Priority 2 — Development of English Literacy
Research aimed at increasing understanding of the sensory, cognitive, linguistic, and socio-cultural processes by which deaf and hard of hearing individuals learn to read and write, plus the relationship between literacy learning and the signed, printed, and spoken languages used in the individual’s home, school, community, and cultural environments.

Priority 3 — Psycho-Social Development and Mental Health Needs
Research focusing on biological, neurological, psychological, and sociological aspects of deaf and hard of hearing people’s psychosocial development and mental health throughout their life spans.

Priority 4 — Teaching, Learning and the Communication Environment
Research on how pedagogical practices and accessibility of information affect learning for deaf and hard of hearing students.

Priority 5 — School, Home, and Community Relationships
Research aimed at understanding home, school, and community relationships, school readiness, family and community involvement, and dynamics in homes and schools with deaf or hard of hearing members.
Priority 6 — Transition through School and into Postsecondary Education and Work
Research aimed at understanding and identifying the transition processes of deaf and hard of hearing students through school and beyond into postsecondary education, work, and independent living.

Priority 7 — History and Culture of Deaf People
Studies of Deaf peoples’ history, cultures, creative productions, and signed languages, including research into and preservation of the contributions of visual and tactile ways of knowing and experiencing the world. This priority highlights studies of the origins and development of literature, the visual arts, and other creative, political, and social contributions of deaf people around the world.

Priority 8 — Linguistics of Signed Languages
Linguistic studies of signed languages, including phonological, morphological, and syntactic phenomena as well as meaning construction, discourse, and variation. This priority supports cross-linguistic comparison among signed languages as well as research on language contact and historical change.

Priority 9 — Interpretation and Translation
Research examining processes, practices, and pedagogy involved in interpreting for hearing, hard of hearing, deaf, and deaf-blind individuals in a broad range of settings. This priority relates to situations involving Deaf and hearing interpreters working with signed and spoken languages or other visual or tactile communication systems. In addition, this priority concerns literary and other translations involving signed languages.
Priority 10 — Studies that Inform Public Policies and Programs
Research essential for the development, administration, and evaluation of public policies and programs affecting education, mental health, communication access, medicine, employment, and other services used by deaf and hard of hearing people throughout their lives.

Priority 11 — Technologies that Affect Deaf and Hard of Hearing People
Studies of technology’s impact on the lives of deaf and hard of hearing people, including research on and development of technologies and media aimed at enhancing communication.

Priority 12 — Assessment
Research related to the development, translation, validation and practical application of appropriate tools, techniques, and models for assessing a wide range of characteristics, skills and abilities of deaf and hard of hearing people.

Priority 13 — Diverse Deaf and Hard of Hearing Populations
Research that examines multicultural awareness, knowledge and/or skills as well as methods of social advocacy related to diverse deaf and hard of hearing children, youth, adults, their families and their communities. Diversity includes, but is not limited to differences of race, ethnicity, gender, age, creed, disability, socioeconomic status, sexual orientation, school experience, linguistic background, and immigration experience.